

CLINICAL RESEARCH BASICS

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NIH Mission

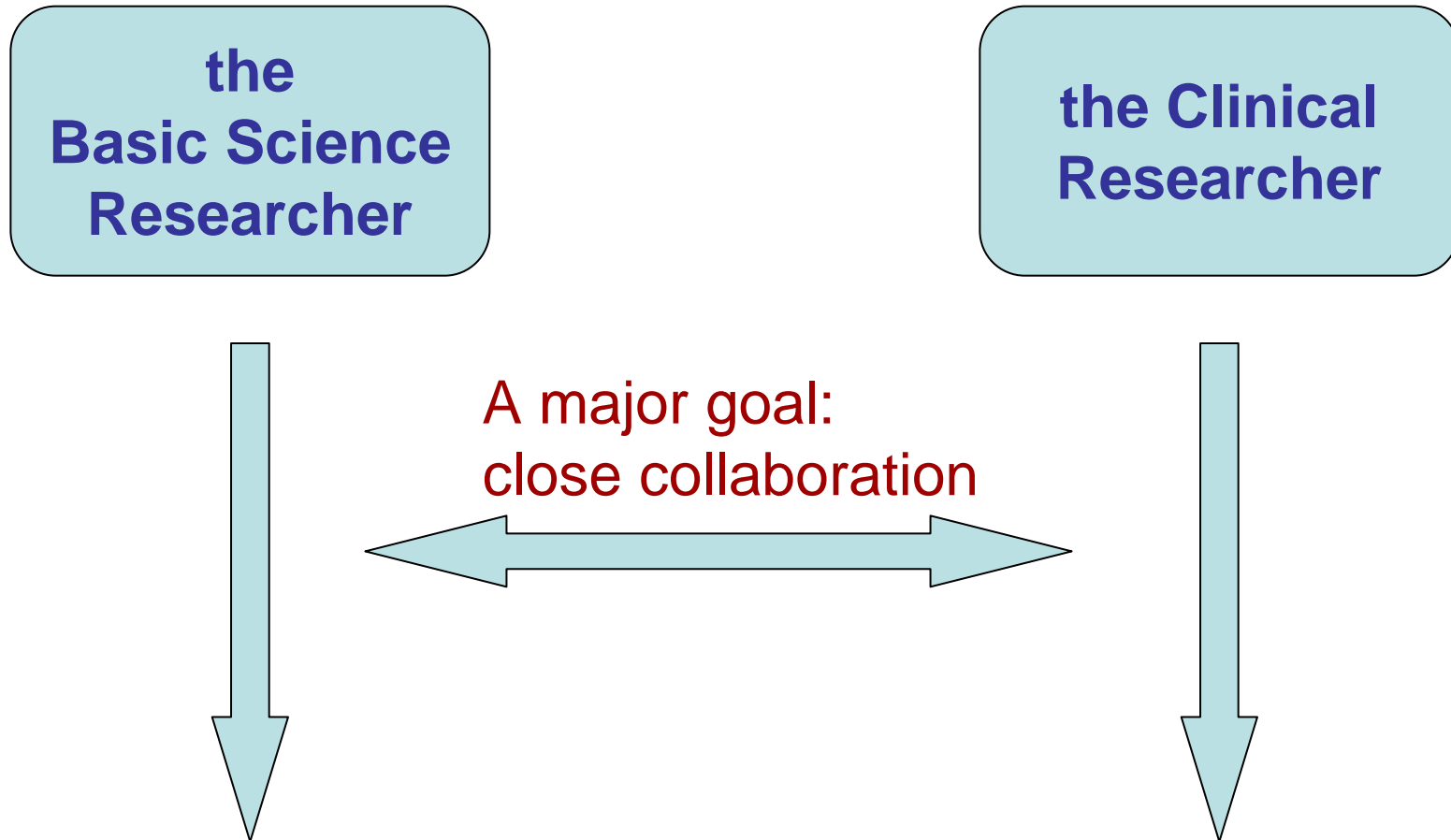
NIH is the steward of medical and behavioral research for the Nation.

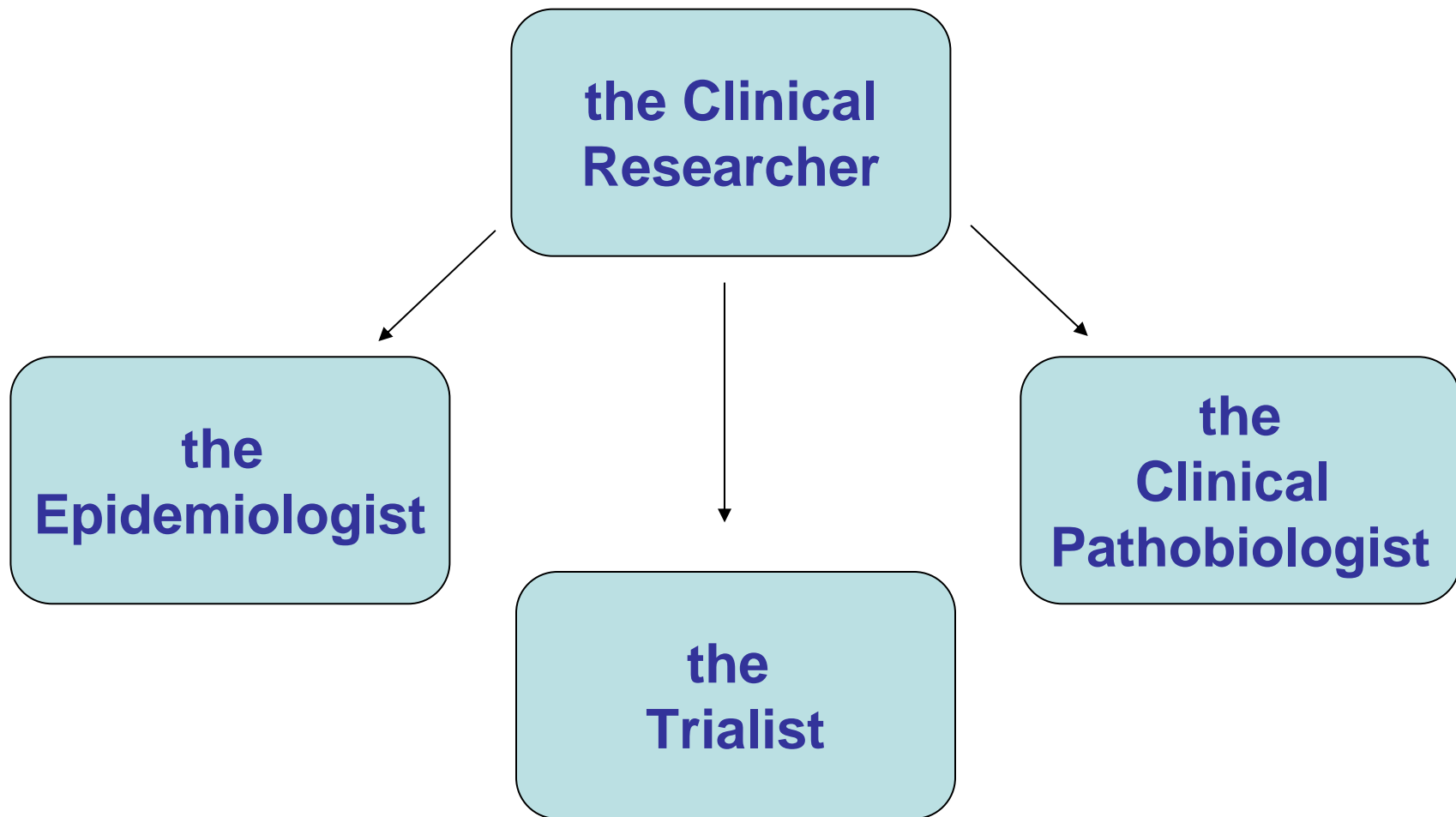
Its mission is **science in pursuit of fundamental knowledge** about the nature and behavior of living systems

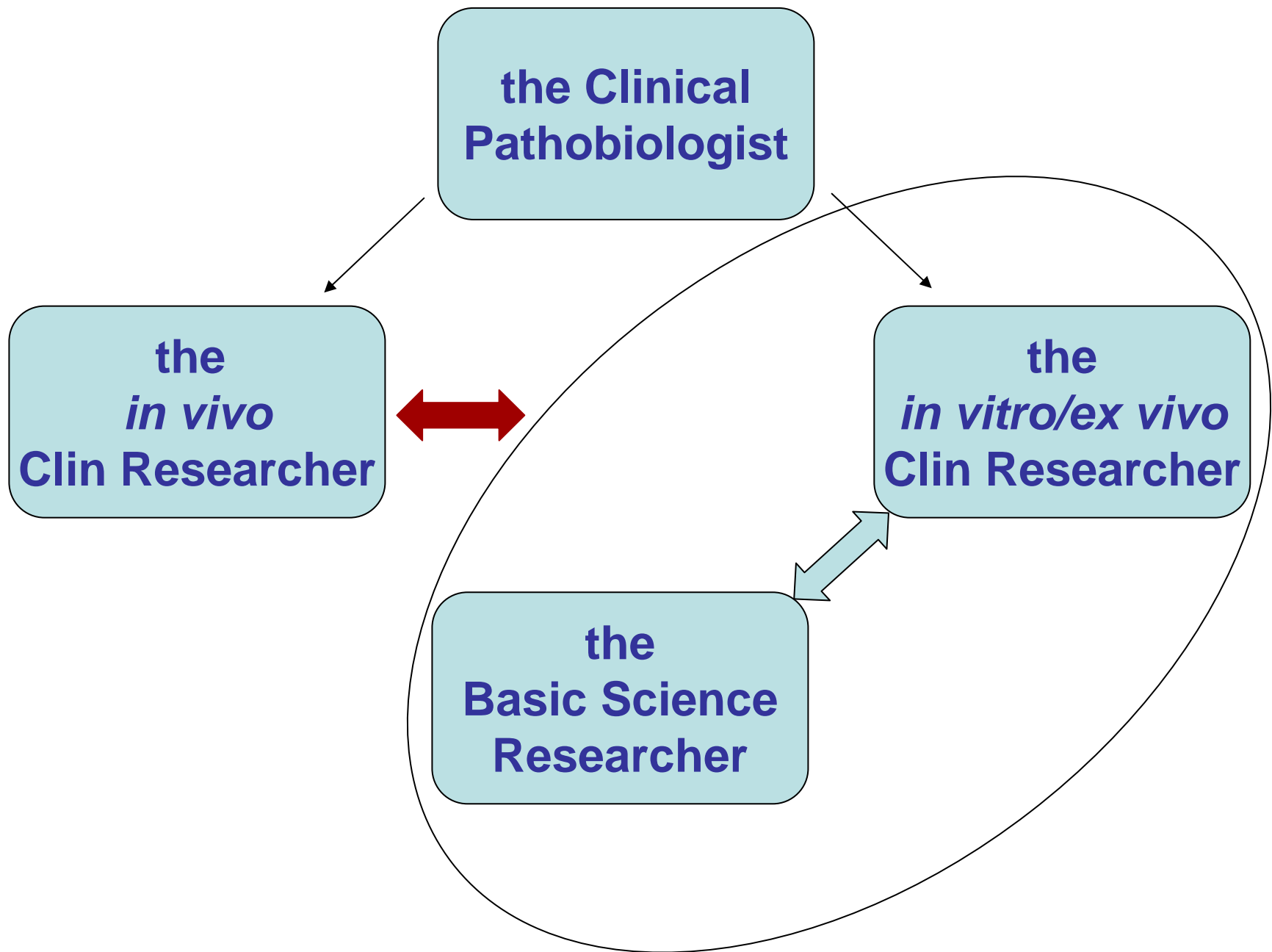
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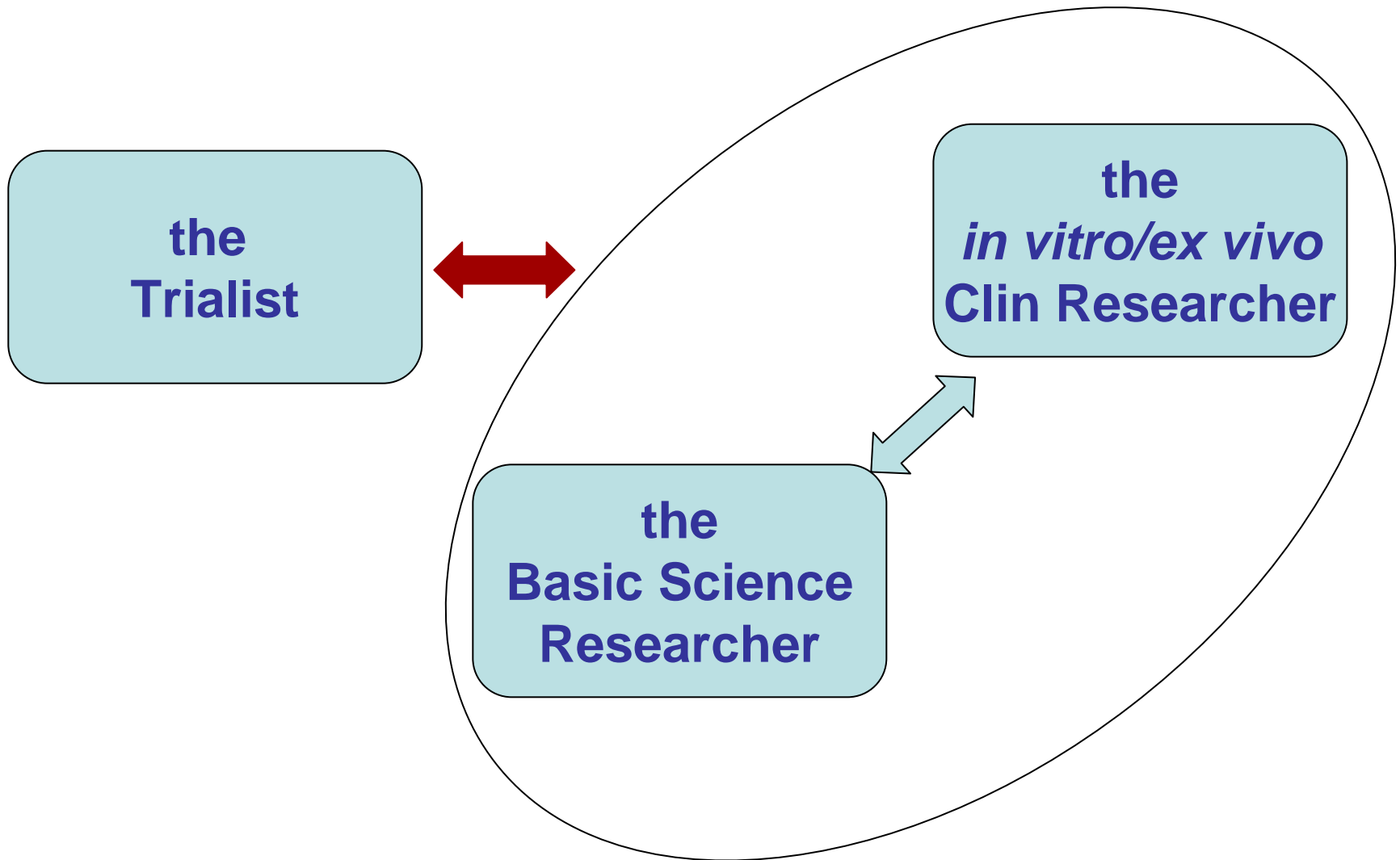
the **application of that knowledge to extend healthy life and reduce the burdens of illness and disability.**

Basic and Clinical Research





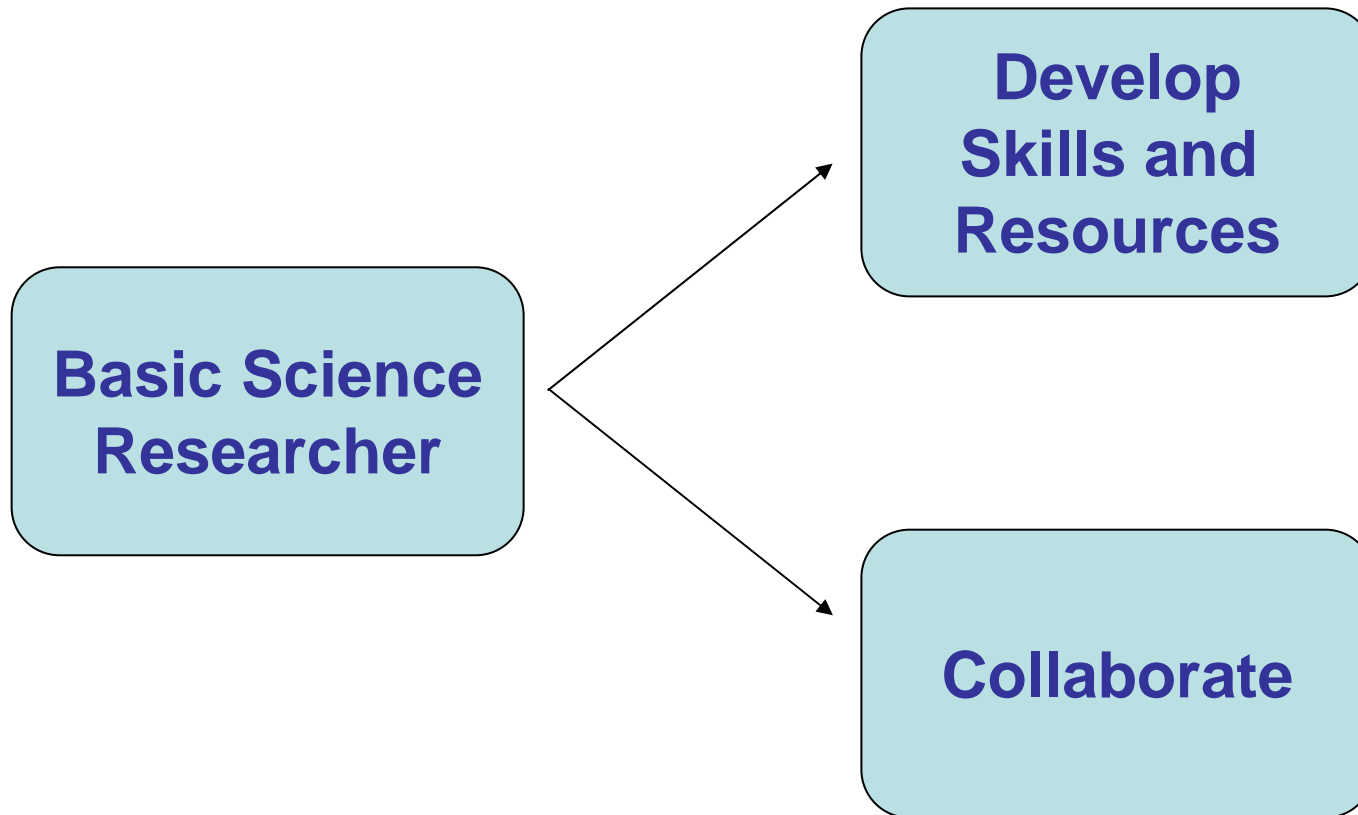




Basic and Clinical Research Collaboration

- Increase the impact of the science on health
- Improve the success rates of applications
 - Typical criticism:
 - Basic science: “relevance to human disease?”
 - Clinical research: “non-mechanistic”

Getting involved in Clinical Research



Getting involved in Clinical Research

- Human Subject Protection:
 - Formal training very helpful for the Basic Science Researcher

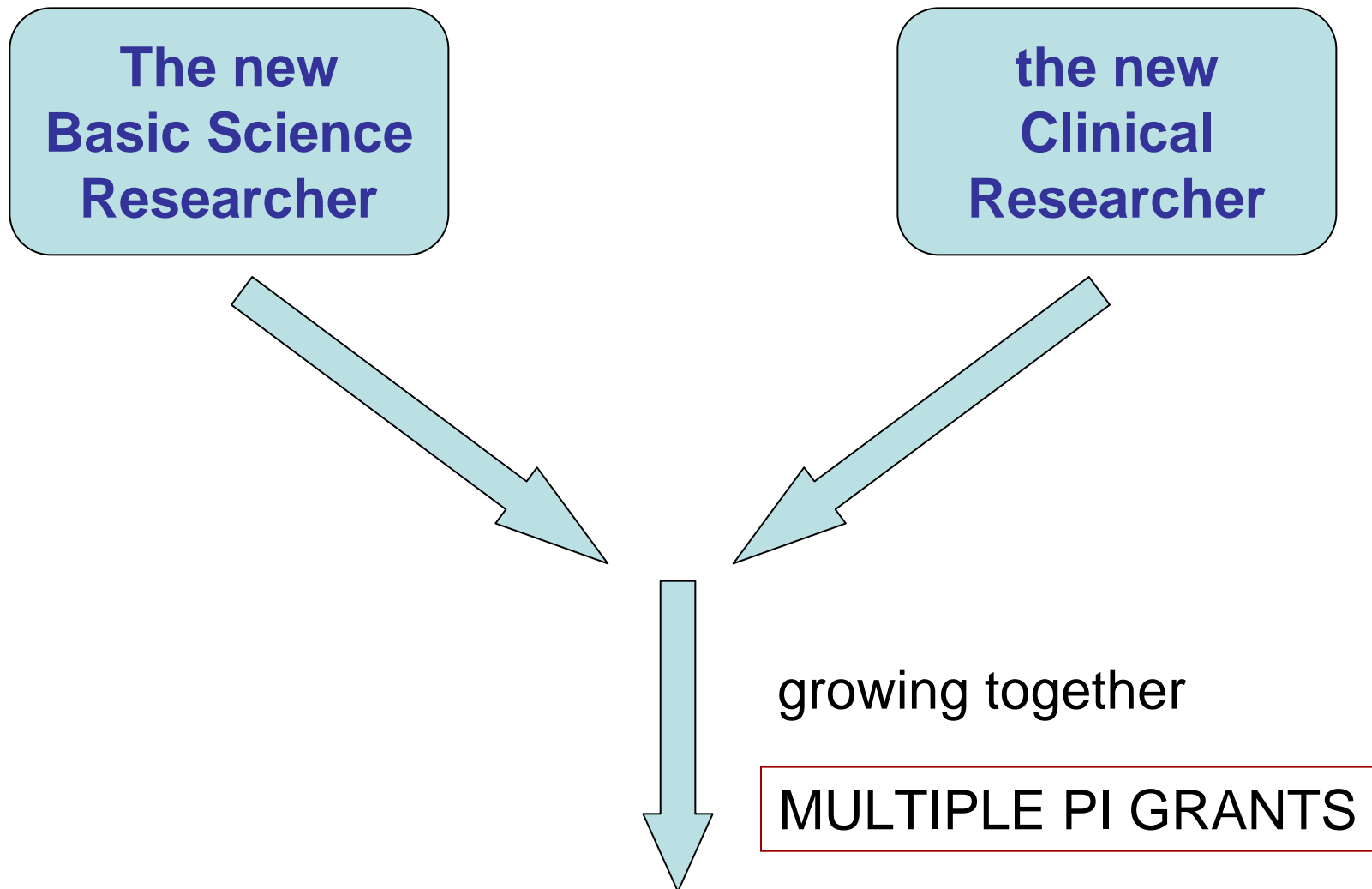
Getting involved in Clinical Research - Networking

- Disseminate your expertise and ideas
- Learn what the clinical researchers are doing
 - Attend clinical seminars
 - Present your work to clinical audiences
 - Organize small “think tanks” to include clinical researchers
 - Participate in professional societies with dual emphasis
(research and clinical)
 - Write a review together with a clinician

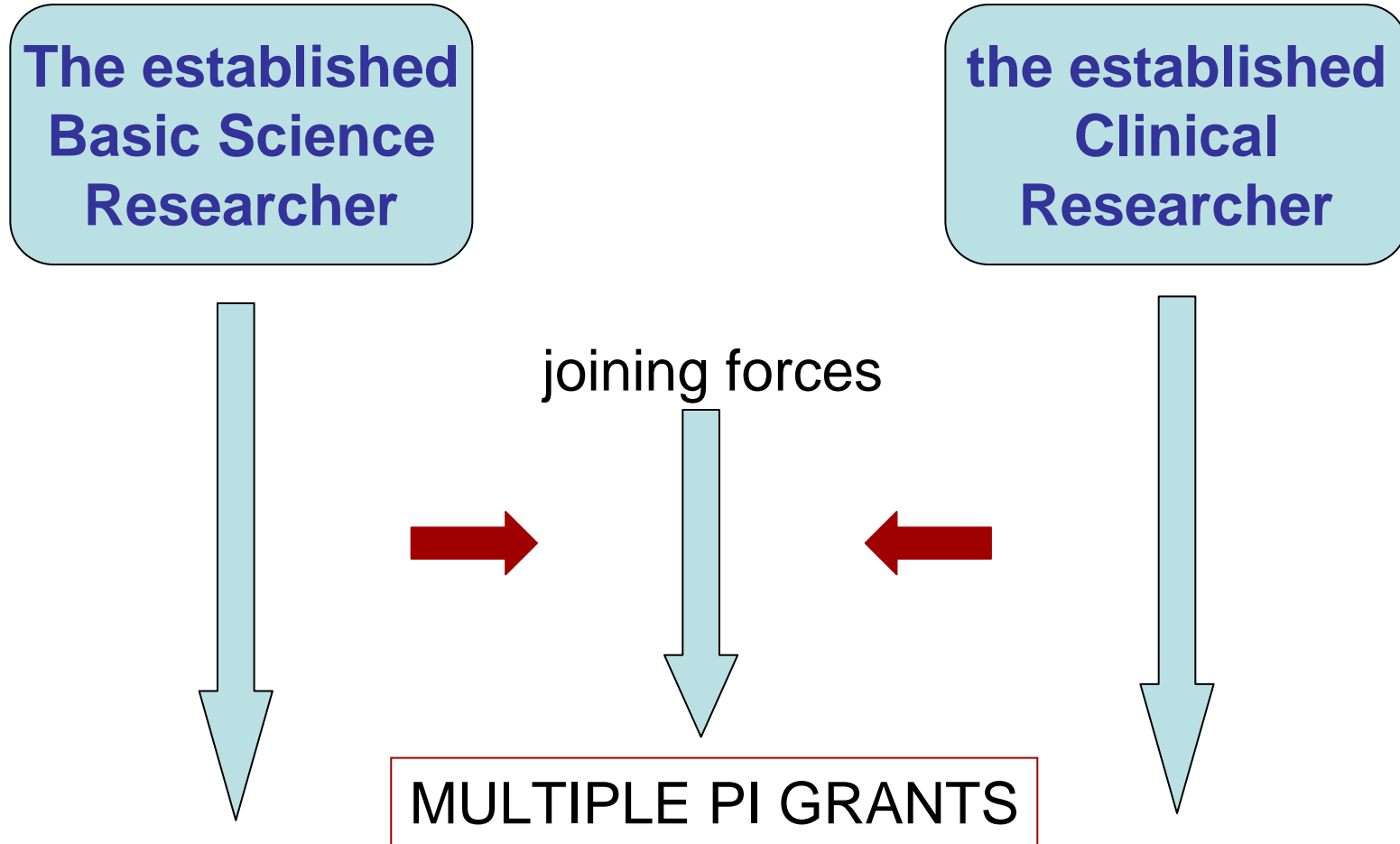
Getting involved in Clinical Research – Develop Collaborations

- Clinical Research Collaborators
 - **Established**: research agenda in place - more experience with regulatory aspects
 - **New Investigators**: more open to collaboration - more to gain - less experience with regulatory aspects
- Complementarity

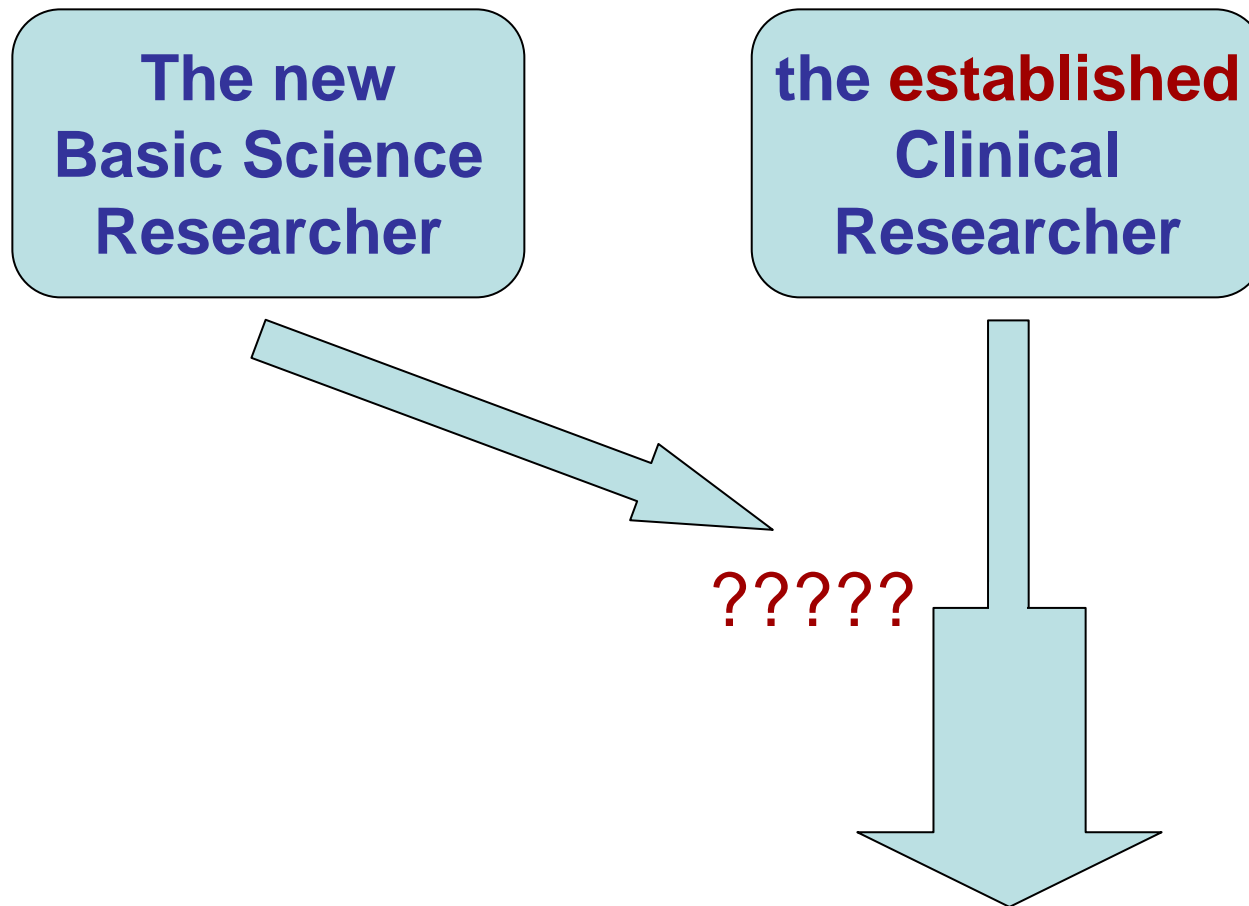
Develop Collaborations



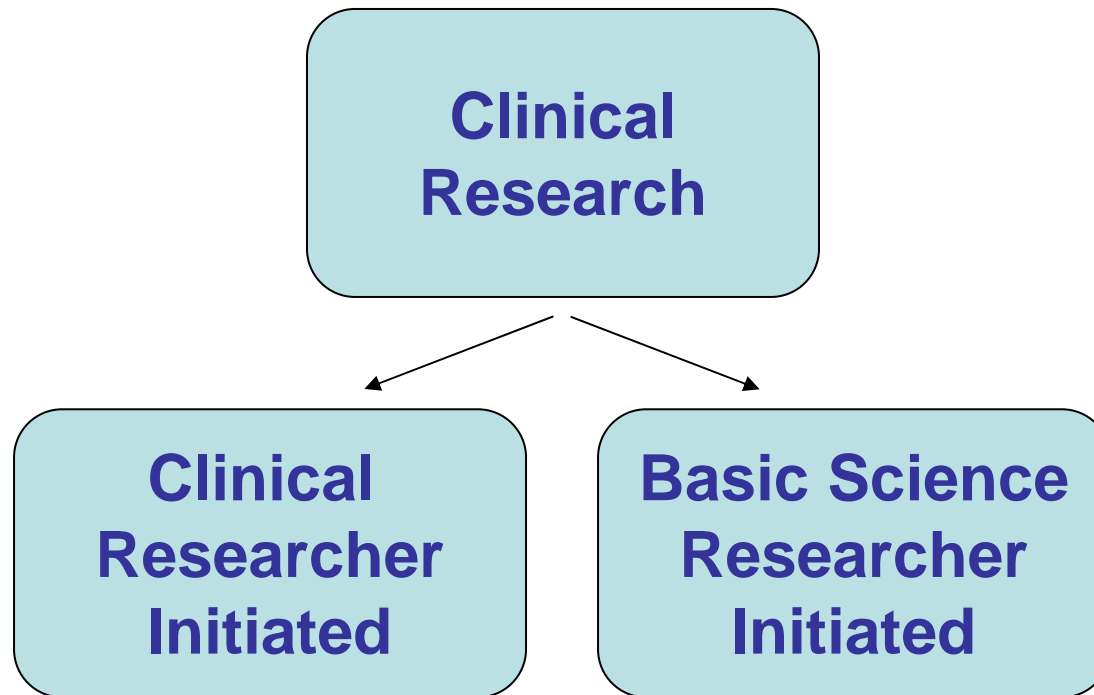
Develop Collaborations



Develop Collaborations



Getting involved in Clinical Research



“observational” vs. “mechanistic” flavor

A Clinical Researcher-Initiated Clinical Study

- The hypothesis: viral respiratory infections are more severe in people with allergies
- An observational study:
 - One-year follow-up of adults with and without allergies to record the severity of viral respiratory infections
- The basic researcher's hypothesis: *Protein X* production and/or signaling is defective in the presence of allergy
 - Is the severity of infection related to the levels of *Protein X* in nasal secretions?

A Basic Science Researcher-Initiated Clinical Study

- Clinical study of same design:
 - Measure levels of *Protein X* in nasal secretions on-off viral respiratory infections in allergic individuals and controls
 - Obtain biopsies and conduct immunofluorescence for *Protein X* receptors and downstream signaling proteins
 - Obtain epithelium from the same subjects, culture *ex vivo*, expose to rhinovirus and to *Protein X*

The Clinical Trial

- The hypothesis: viral respiratory infections are more severe in people with allergies
- The study:
 - Nasal administration of rhinovirus 39 in adults with and without allergies to record the severity of viral respiratory infections

Clinical Trials

- A prospective study of human subjects designed to answer questions about biomedical or behavioral **interventions**, e.g., drugs, treatments, or devices or new ways of using known treatments to determine whether they are safe and effective

Key Requirements for Clinical Trials

- Protocol, Consent Forms and Case Report Forms to be developed in cooperation with the NIAID Team
- Protocol and Consent Forms to be reviewed/approved by NIAID Data Safety Monitoring Board and by NIAID Clinical Research Committee
- FDA needs to be contacted if protocol involves the use of unapproved “drugs” (IND?)

Key Requirements for Clinical Trials

- Protocol needs to incorporate:
 - Data and Safety Monitoring Plan
 - Independent monitoring
 - AE and SAE recording and reporting (IRB, NIAID, FDA)
- Depending on the potential risk of the intervention
 - Data and Safety Monitoring may be conducted by NIAID
 - IND may be held by NIAID

Program Officer

+

Medical Officer

+

Project Manager

+

Regulatory Officer

R34 – Clinical Trial Planning Grant

- Support Planning of Investigator-Initiated Phase I, II, III, and IV clinical trials
- One Trial Per Application
- Development of the Clinical Protocol, Consent form(s), Data Management Planning, IRB, DSMB, IND, etc.
- One Year
- Budget: \$75,000 for Phase I, \$150,000 for Phase II, III, or IV
- Pre-Approval from NIAID Is Required

R34 – Clinical Trial Planning Grant

- The product of the R34 will be an application for a clinical trial implementation (U01) cooperative agreement

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